In-class exercise

Instructions

- Don't look at the solution yet! This is for your benefit.
- This exercise must be submitted within 48 hours of the lecture in which it was given.
- As long as you do the exercise on time, you get full credit—your performance does not matter.
- Without looking at the solution, take 5 minutes to try to solve the exercise.
- Pre-assessment: Write down how correct you think your answer is, from 0 to 100%.
- Post-assessment: Now, study the solution and give yourself a "grade" from 0 to 100%.
- Submit your work on the course website, including the pre- and post- assessments.

Exercise

Suppose $\{p_{\alpha}(\theta) : \alpha \in H\}$ is a conjugate family for some generator family $\{p(x|\theta) : \theta \in \Theta\}$. Let $g(\theta)$ be a nonnegative function, and define

$$z(\alpha) = \int p_{\alpha}(\theta)g(\theta)d\theta$$

Show that if $0 < z(\alpha) < \infty$ for all $\alpha \in H$, then

$$\left\{ p_{\alpha}(\theta)g(\theta)/z(\alpha) : \alpha \in H \right\}$$

is also a conjugate family.

For $\alpha \in H$, define the p.d.f.

$$u^{\alpha}(\theta) = \frac{z(\alpha)}{b^{\alpha}(\theta)\delta(\theta)} \cdot \frac{z(\alpha)}{d\theta}$$

Consider data x_1, \ldots, x_n . Since $\{p_{\alpha} : \alpha \in H\}$ is a conjugate prior family, then for any $\alpha \in H$, there is an $\alpha' \in H$ such that $p(x_{1:n}|\theta)p_{\alpha}(\theta) \propto p_{\alpha'}(\theta)$. Thus, using $\pi_{\alpha}(\theta)$ as the prior results in the posterior

$$\begin{split} (\theta)_{\alpha}\pi(\theta)_{\alpha}(\theta) & = \pi_{\alpha'}(\theta) \\ & = \pi_{\alpha'}(\theta) \frac{g(\theta)}{g(\alpha')} \\ & = p_{\alpha'}(\theta) \frac{g(\theta)}{g(\theta)} \\ & = \pi_{\alpha'}(\theta) . \end{split}$$

Therefore, $\{\pi_{\alpha} : \alpha \in H\}$ is a conjugate prior family.